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# PROJECT MANAGEMENT BEST PRACTICE - 10 TOP TIPS

Through our many years of design, project management and construction experience within the food and drink manufacturing industries we have developed a wide range of best practices when approaching a project. In compiling this article we spoke with a number of the senior project delivery team members within Taylor Rose and got their thoughts on best practice approaches to engineering project management. Although our experience is predominantly drawn from high care food and drink production environments a number of these best practices can be applied to project management in general.



#### 1. Define the project team and structure

The composition of project team may seem obvious but it can vary from business to business depending on resources and personnel. The key, regardless of how large or small your team, is to outline the project team structure and reporting procedures from day 1. Every member of the team must be clear on who to report to for queries relating to budget, design, H&S etc.

# "Tell the client what they need to hear, not what they want to hear."

### 2. Assign stakeholder liaisons

Every project will have its key stake- if compromises have to be made. confidence.

# 3. Planning and Design

Whether its a large factory extension 5. Tell them what they need to hear or the introduction of a single piece of "Tell the client what they need to process equipment, planning and de- hear, not what they want to hear" is a sign are crucial. They must also be phrase you will hear repeated around carried out in conjunction with one the Taylor Rose Offices. Perhaps not another, when designing a new pro- meant to be taken as literally as it duction line or layout, you must also sounds, the sentiment relates to the plan the access issues and potential fact that delivering bad news to a risks that may arise during installa- client/stakeholder is as important a tion. This should then feedback into delivering your success stories. In our the design as a part of a decision experience, whether it is a budget or making loop. This will inevitably save programme related issue, the stake

time and money in the long run even

holders. It can be your board of direc- 4. Link your programme and budget tors if the project is internal or it can Try to link your programme and budgbe your client if you are a contractor. et milestones together. This will act Either way it is important to set the as a prompt to review budget spend liaisons between your project team and prompt any necessary value enand the stakeholders early and make gineering exercises as the project sure this reporting structure is con- goes through it's major completion sistent. Consistent lines of communi- points. It will also act as a prompt to cation will give stakeholders added update the project stakeholders, because funnily enough they like to know how their budget is being spent.



# "Always take pride in your work, it makes the day go faster."

holders want to be able to manage risk. They can only do that if they have all the facts and it is your job as project manager to deliver them.

# 6. Set your standards early

In a slightly different context, point 5 also applies to any sub-contractors you utilise on a project. It is important to set your stall out early on in relation to standards or workmanship and approaches to health and safety. Draw up clear and concise guidelines and makes sure all contractors sign-up to these guidelines before work commences.

#### 7. Quality comes first

We all know how pressurised it can get when a programme deadline is approaching or a production area needs to be handed over; but never sacrifice workmanship for the sake of a programme deadline. It is always the hope that good planning will stop this ever being an issue but the truth is life isn't perfect and neither is a project. What you can be sure of is that sub standard work will always come back to haunt you so always insist on the best.

## 8. Hold regular meetings

This is an obvious one but again the results can be invaluable. Regular site meetings that involve all engineering disciplines and receive input from each equally will help to build a team environment. Often there will be a number of different contractors and companies working in close proximity and building a sense of combined ownership through these group meetings will eventually pay dividends.

### 9. Value Engineering

From day one of a project one of the key elements to both programme and budget management is a central procurement system. Specification may well need to be handled by different engineering disciplines or specialists but ensuring that all procurement initiation goes through a central hub will maintain high visibility of the budget and potential value engineering opportunities.

# 10. Take pride in your work

Simple, but extremely important.





